



Effective from Session: 2024-25							
Course Code	A070502T/SS313	Title of the Course	Classical Sociological Thought	L	T	P	C
Year	III	Semester	V	4	1	0	5
Pre-Requisite	Intermediate	Co-requisite	None				
Course Objectives	The course is intended to introduce the students to a sociological way of thinking. It provides an understanding of the discipline of Sociology and sociological perspective. It also provides foundation for other more detailed about classical thinkers and specialized courses in sociology						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	Critically evaluate the emergence of sociology and its intellectual and historical foundations.
CO2	Comprehend Comte's positivism and Spencer's theories of social evolution and Social Darwinism.
CO3	Analyze Durkheim's concepts of social facts, types of solidarity, and his study of suicide.
CO4	Pareto's distinctions between logical and non-logical actions along with his concepts of residues and derivatives.
CO5	Critically assess Marx's theories of dialectical historical materialism, class struggle, and alienation.
CO6	Critically evaluate Weber's perspectives on social action, types of authority, and the Protestant ethic.
CO7	Interpret Mead's symbolic interactionism and the development of 'Self' and 'Me.'
CO8	Design a comparative framework that integrates Parsons' social systems and pattern variables with Merton's middle-range theories and functions.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Ma p p ed CO
1	Emergence of Sociology	Emergence of Sociology, Intellectual Sources: Enlightenment, Philosophy of History, Political History, Social and Political Reform Movements. Revolution: French Revolution and Industrial Revolution.	8	CO 1
2	Comte & Spencer	August Comte: Positivism, The Hierarchy of Sciences, Law of Three Stages. Herbert Spencer: Social Evolution and Social Darwinism.	8	CO 2
3	Emile Durkheim	Emile Durkheim: Social Fact, Mechanical Solidarity and Organic Solidarity, Suicide.	8	CO 3
4	Vilfredo Pareto	Vilfredo Pareto: Action – Logical and Non-Logical Action, Residues and Derivatives.	8	CO 4
5	Karl Marx	Karl Marx: Dialectical Historical Materialism, Class Struggle, Theory of Alienation.	7	CO 5
6	Max Weber	Max Weber: Social Action, Power and Authority, Protestant Ethics and Spirit of Capitalism.	7	CO 6
7	G.H. Mead	G.H. Mead: Symbolic Interaction, Concept of 'Self' and 'Me.'.	7	CO 7
8	Parsons & Merton	Talcott Parsons: Action and Behavior; Social System, Pattern Variables. R.K. Merton: Middle Range Theory, Manifest and Latent Function.	7	CO 8

Reference Books:

Giddens Anthony, 1989: Sociology, Polity Press, Cambridge

Max Weber: The Protestant Ethic and Spirit of Capitalism, IIIrd edition

Kamernka Eugene, 1983: The Portable Marx, Penguin.

Ritzer George, Sociological Theory, McGraw Hill, New York, 2000.

Morrison Ken, Marx, Durkheim, Weber – formation of Modern Social Thought, Sage Publication, New Delhi, 1995

e-Learning Source:

IGNOU & Other centrally/state operated Universities / MOOC platforms such as "SWAYAM" in India and Abroad.

Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)											
PO-PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	3	2	3	1	2	3	2	3
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	3	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	3	2
CO6	2	2	2	2	2	3	1	2	2	3	3
CO7	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	3	2
CO8	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	2

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD
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Effective from Session: 2024-25

Course Code	A070502T/SS314	Title of the Course	Research Methodology in Social Sciences	L	T	P	C
Year	III	Semester	V	4	1	0	5
Pre-Requisite	Intermediate	Co-requisite	None				
Course Objectives	Social Research is a method used by social scientists and researchers to learn about societies so that they can design products/services that cater to various needs of the people. It contains elements of both these methods to analyze a range of social occurrences such as an investigation of historical sites, census of the country, detailed analysis of research.						

Course Outcomes	
CO1	Sociology is structured in a way that it makes student to understand and comprehend the research problems.
CO2	This research techniques and course intends to develop objective as well as subjective enquiry into the areas of Sociological studies.
CO3	The main purpose of the course is to develop scientific and humanistic approach towards the research work in the subject.
CO4	Social research includes various methodologies, including qualitative and quantitative research methods.
CO5	The definition used in this lesson is the study of human behavior and interpersonal relationships using empirical methods.
CO6	Social science research may be conducted using several methodological approaches (exploratory, descriptive, experimental, and correlational).
CO7	To understand Classification and Presentation of Data.
CO8	Overall Overview of Social Statistics in Sociology.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Social Research	Social Research: Concept, Nature & Types of Social Research, Importance of Social Research. Steps of Scientific Research: Formulation of Research Problem.	8	CO1
2	Research Design	Research Design: Meaning, Types and Importance. Hypothesis: Its Types and Sources.	8	CO2
3	Objectivity	Problems of Objectivity. Objectivity Versus Subjectivity, Value Neutrality. Ethical Issues in Social Research. Plagiarism and Copy Right.	8	CO3
4	Types of Research	Types of Research: Basic and applied: Historical and Comparative; Descriptive, Exploratory, Explanatory and Diagnostic.	8	CO4
5	Data Collection	Data Collection: Primary and Secondary Source; Census: Observation; Case Study; Content Analysis.	7	CO5
6	Techniques of Data Collection	Techniques of Data Collection; Sampling, Questionnaire, Schedule and Interview, Primary and Secondary Data.	7	CO6
7	Classification and Presentation of Data	Classification and Presentation of Data: Coding; Tables; Graphs; Diagrams; Bar; Chart, Pictorial and Histogram and Report Writing.	7	CO7
8	Overview of Statistics in Sociology	Overview of Statistics in Sociology, Measures of Central Tendency (Simple Arithmetic Mean, Median and Mode).	7	CO8

Reference Books:

Babbie Earl, 2004: The Practice of Social Research, (10th ed.).

Bryman Alan, 2001 Social Research Methods.

Devine and Heath, 1999: Sociological Research Methods in Context, Palgrave.

Goode and Hatt, Methods in Social Research

Giddens Anthony, 1976: New Rules of Sociological Research.

e-Learning Source:

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PO-PSO-CO	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)										
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	1	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	1
CO3	3	1	1	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	1
CO4	3	3	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	3	3
CO5	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1
CO6	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	1
CO7	3	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	3	3
CO8	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1

1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	Sign & Seal of HoD
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